



**Science & Technology**

Human Systems



# **Computational Modeling of Cognitive Processes in Plan Authoring**

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# Context



## **Task:** Plan authoring

- Intelligent system collaborates with human user
- Human is in charge; system makes recommendations

## **Key Assumption:**

- Human has a better “big picture” understanding of the situation than does the intelligent system

## **Benefit:**

- When the system makes a good recommendation, the user can accept rather than having to manually enter a new step in the plan.
- Faster plan authoring



# Challenge

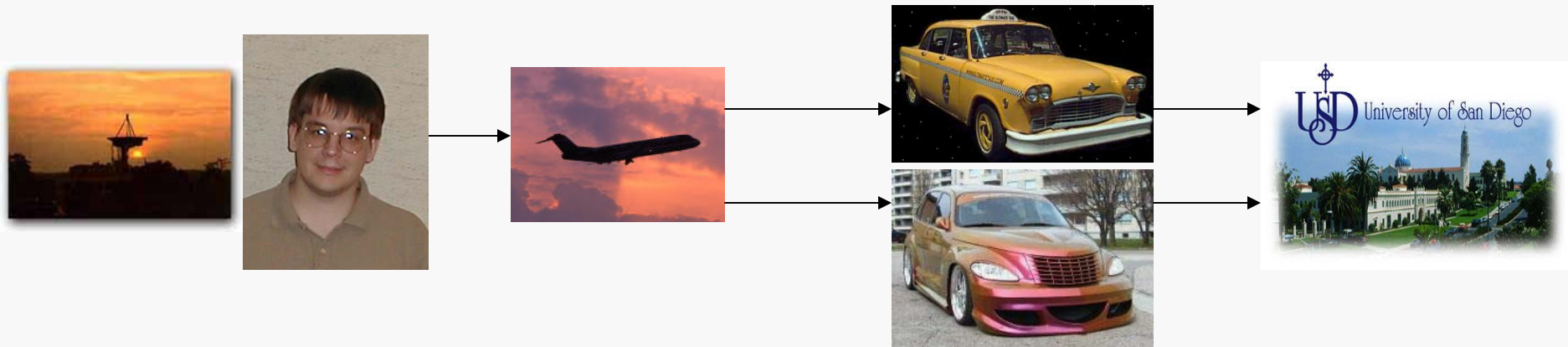
- An intelligent system can recommend actions for a plan based on its limited knowledge.
- We are considering situations in which the human has a better general understanding of the problem.
- The recommendation the system makes will, at first, be worse than what the human can do.
- How can we get the system to improve during the course of the planning process?



# Our Main Theme

1. Determine:
  - a. Goals: **what** the user is trying to do
  - b. Approach: **how** the user is trying to do it
2. Generate suggestions that are compatible with both
  - i.e., Because the user is the expert, understand the user and then do things the user's way.

Goal: Travel from NRL to USD



**System requirement:** A cognitive model of the user



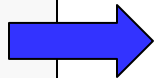
# Cognitive Models

## Task-Method-Knowledge (TMK):

- **Tasks:** What a part of a process does.
- **Methods:** How a part of a process works.
- **Knowledge:** What the process uses and alters.

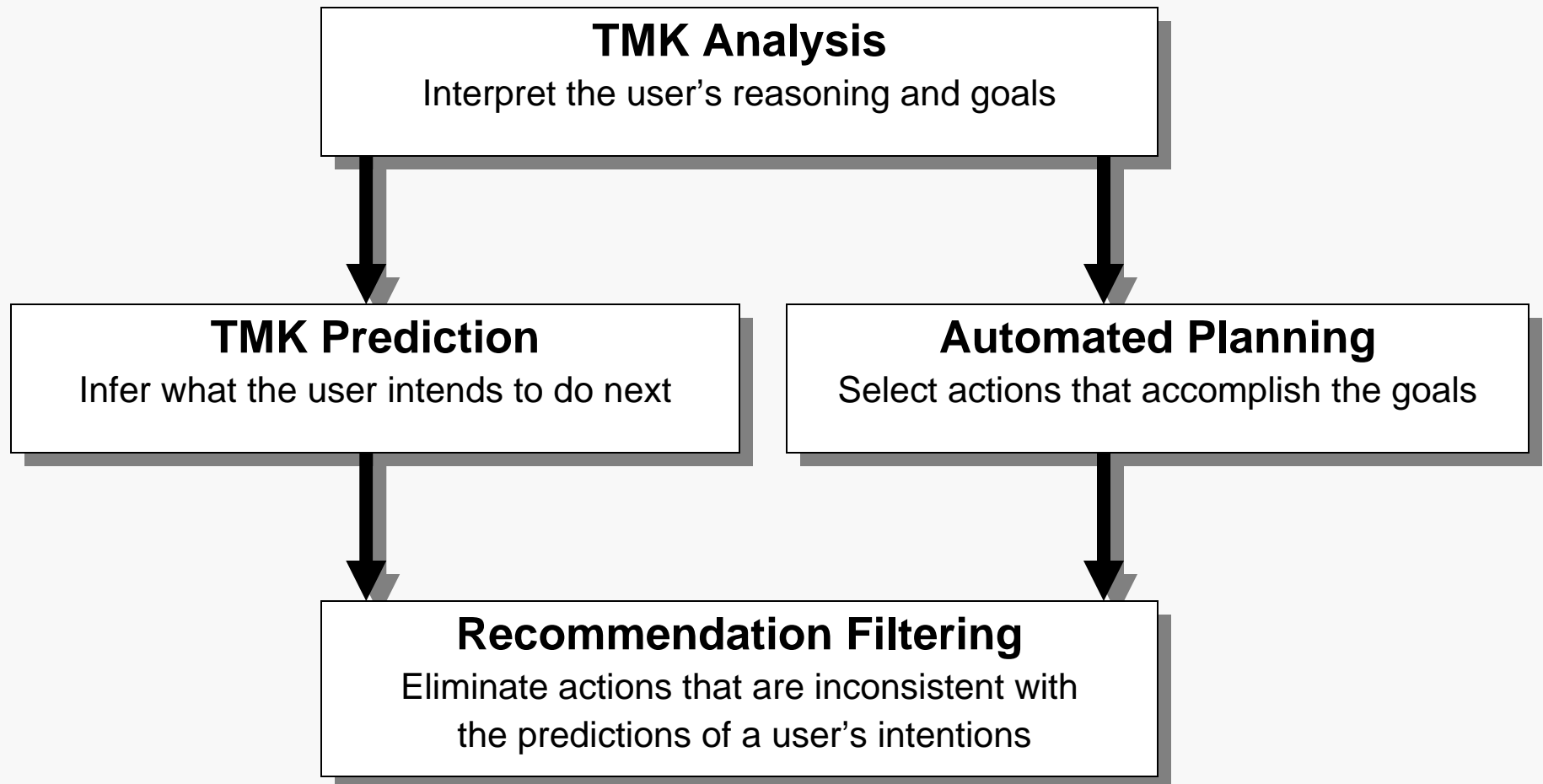
## Existing work on TMK has involved:

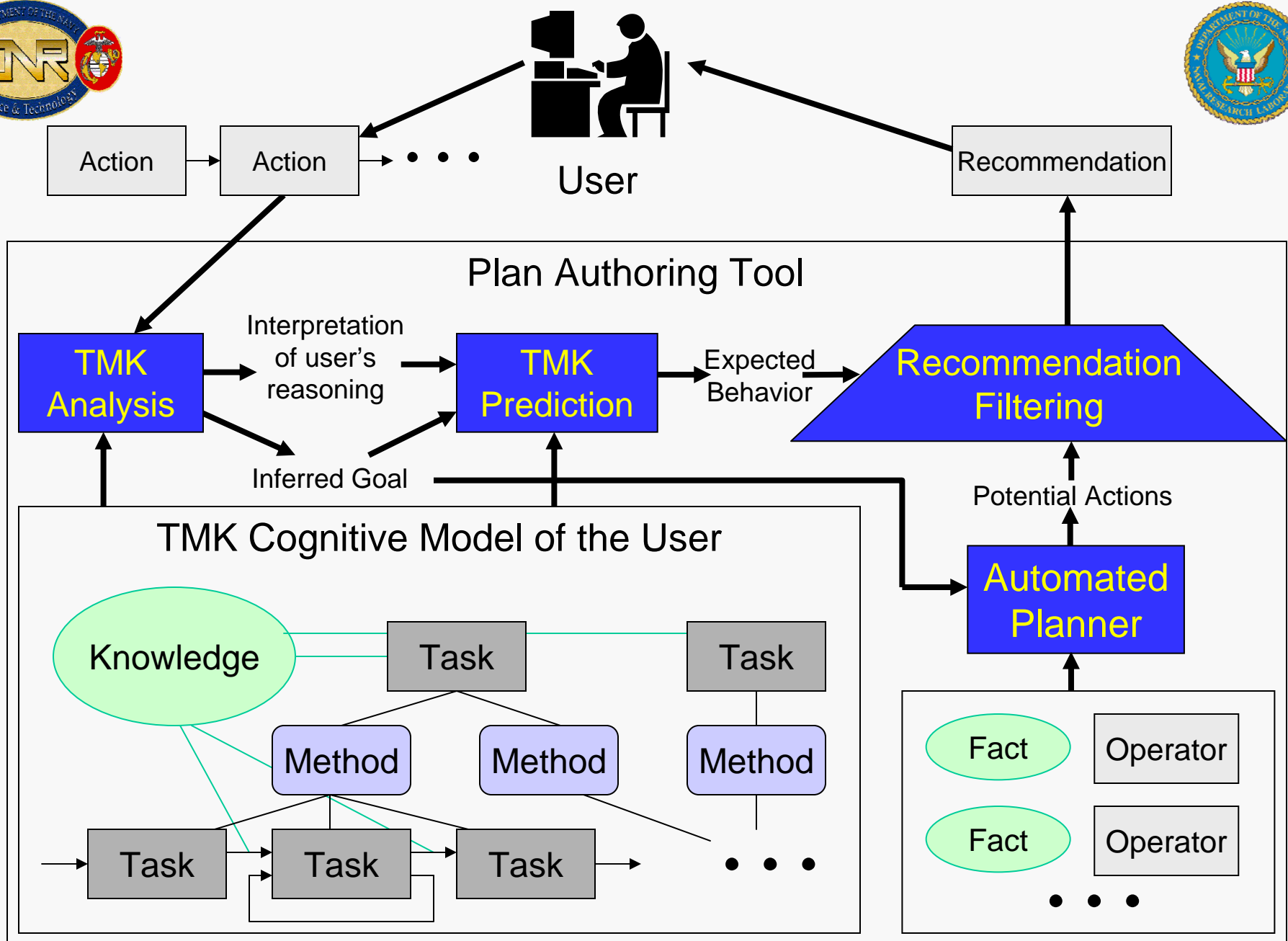
- Intelligent systems that automatically adapt
- Executable cognitive models of recorded protocols
- Many other topics
- ***But never cognitive models of users***





# Overview of Decision Making Architecture









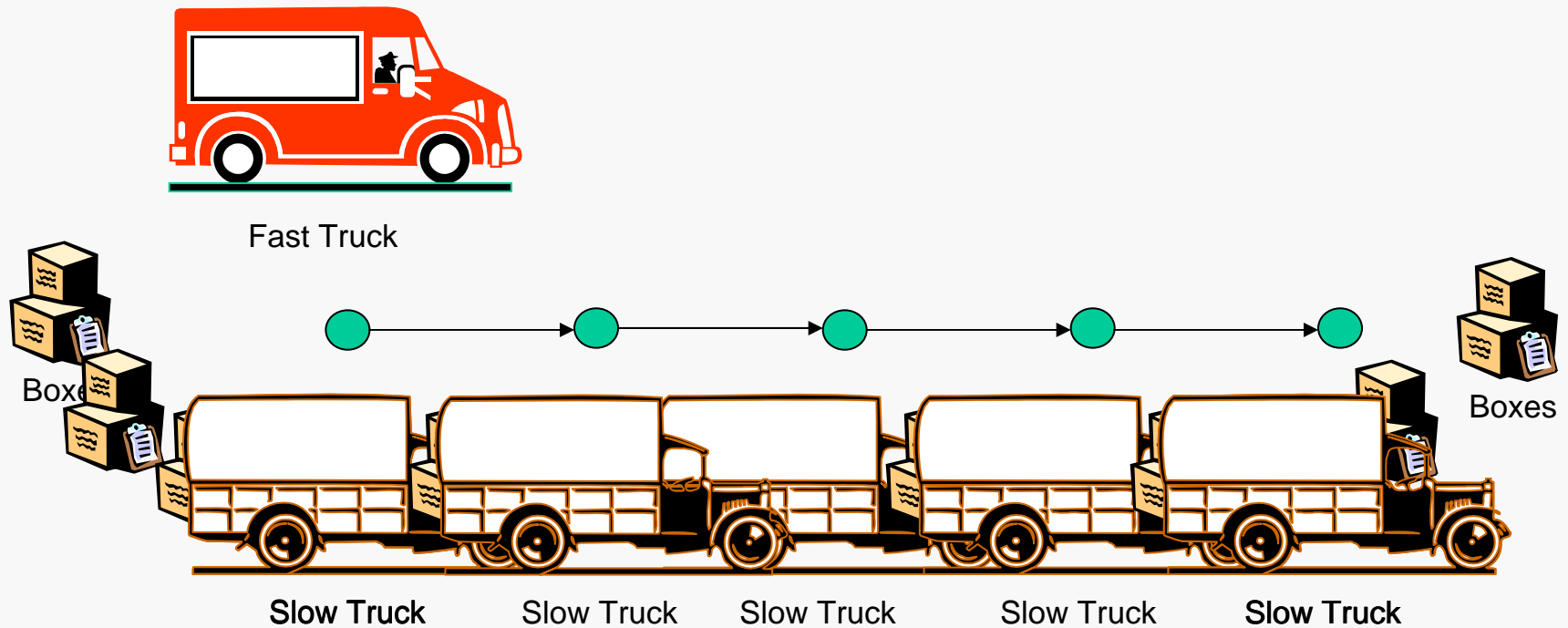
# An Illustrative Logistics Example



- User has some boxes to ship and two available trucks.
- One truck is faster, so a planner will recommend it.
- The user wants to use the slower truck.
- Challenge: Recognize that the user has chosen the slower truck and make recommendations that abide by that choice.

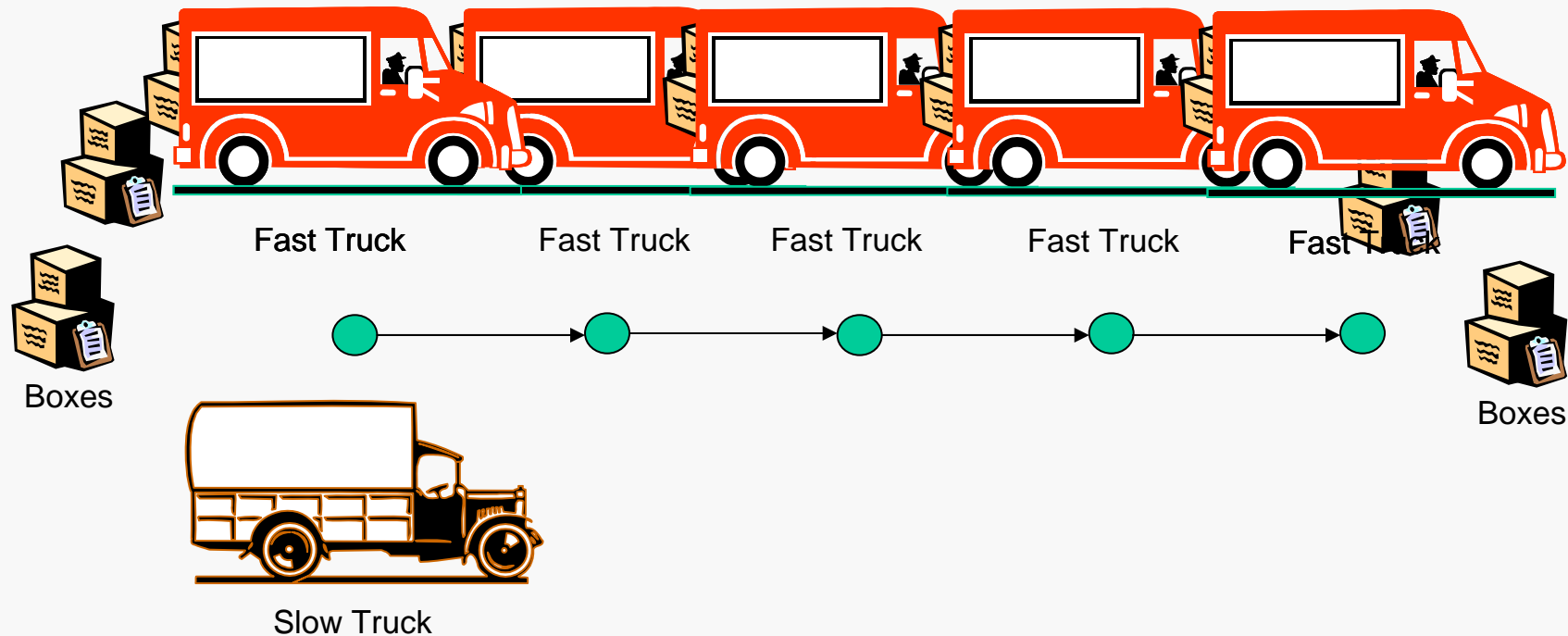


# What the user wants



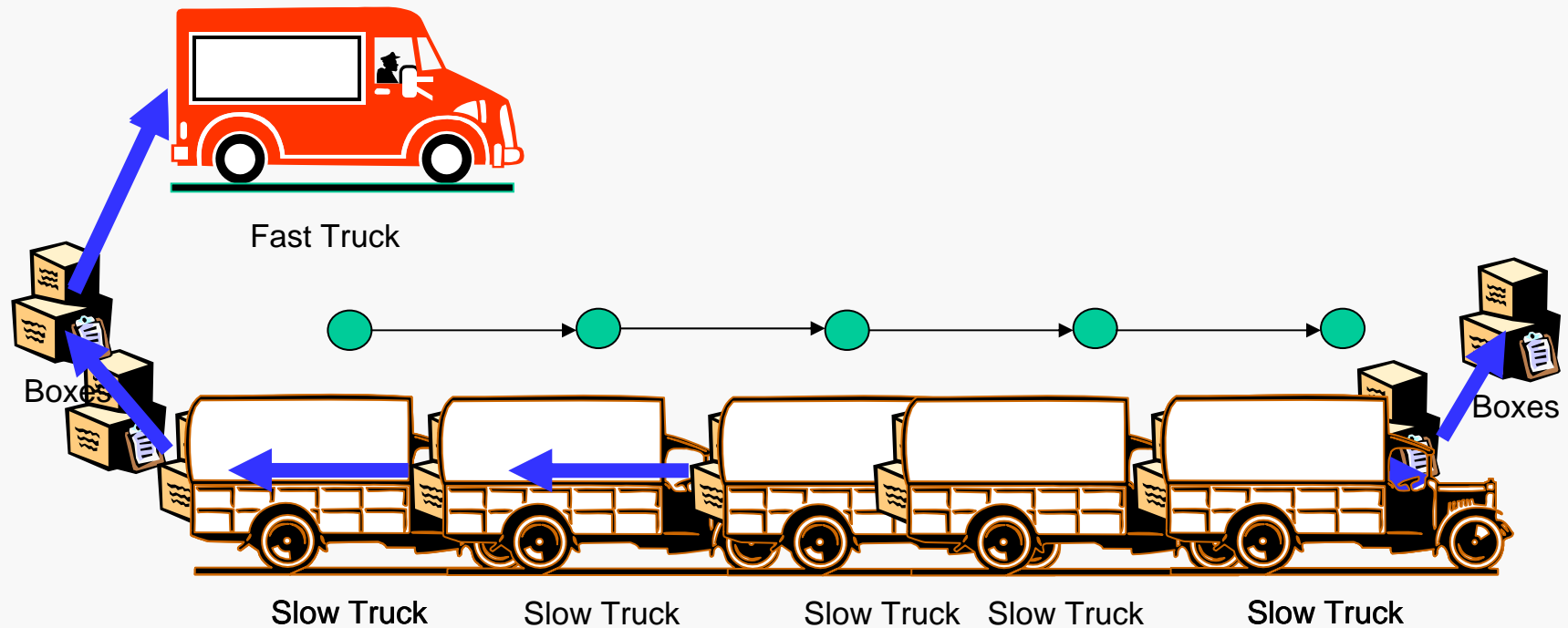


# What the automated planner would do



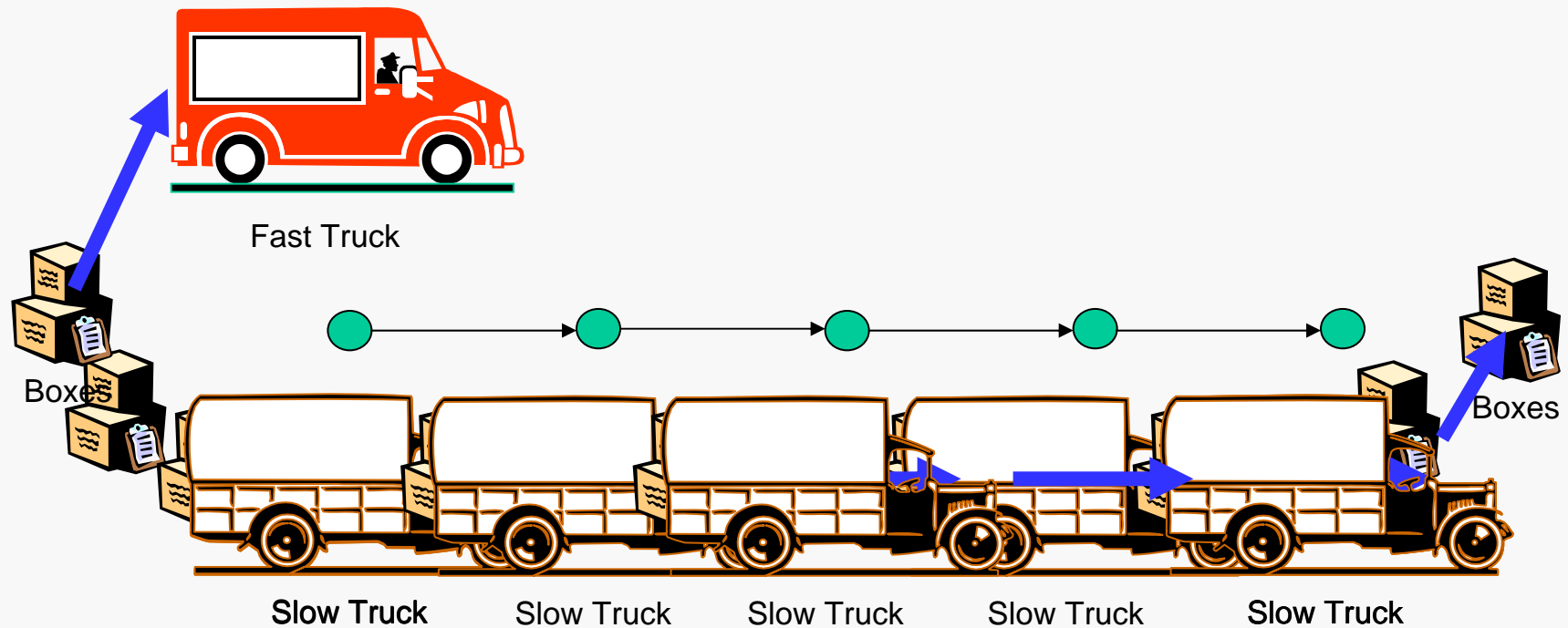


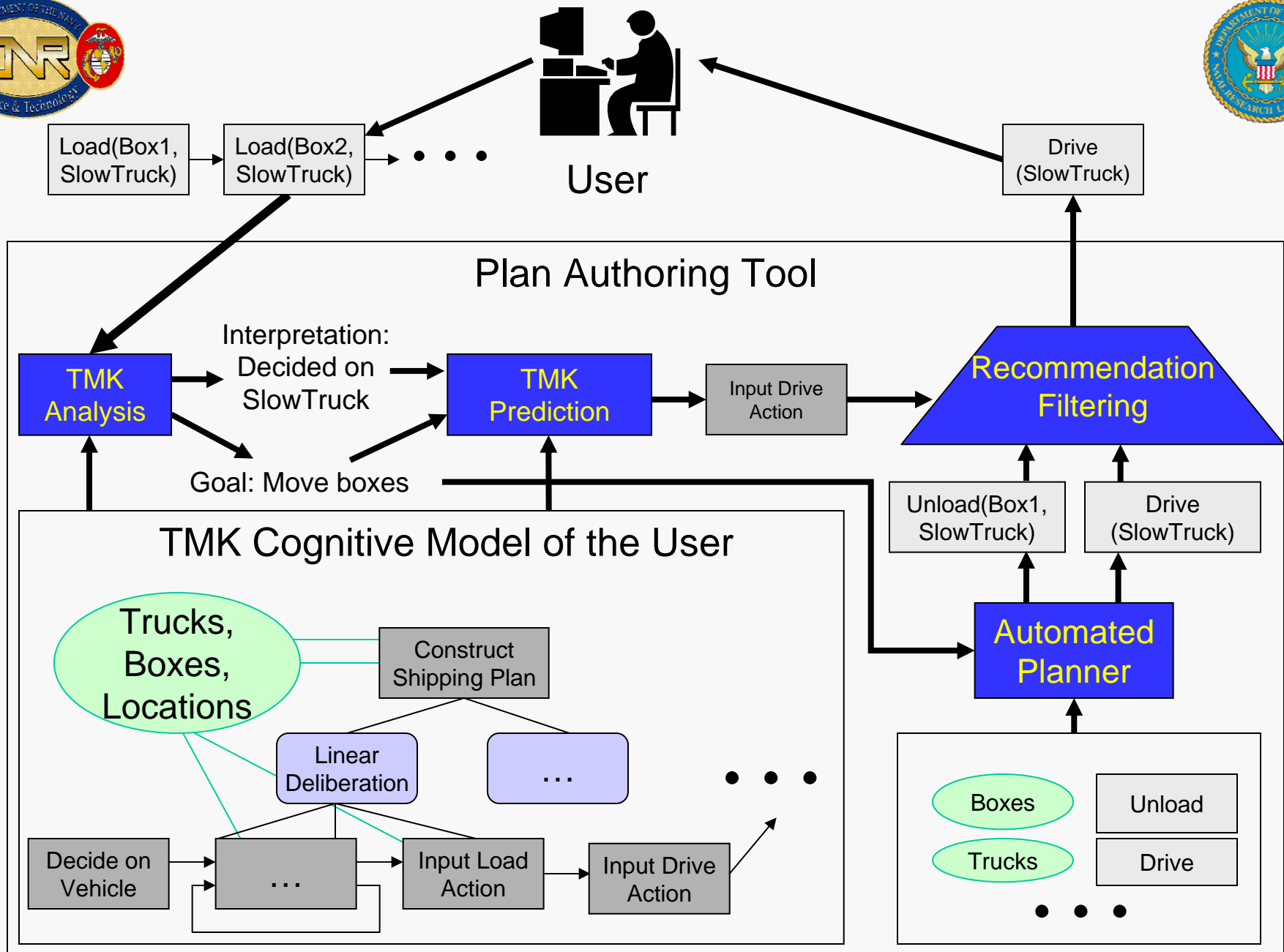
# Recommendations *without* cognitive modeling





# Recommendations *with* cognitive modeling







# Domain Applicability



- Data-intensive environments
    - System can make a significant contribution
  - Decisions require additional background knowledge and/or subjective judgments
    - System must collaborate with the user
  - Expert human users
    - System's approach should match user's preference
- 
- Example: Noncombatant Evacuation Operations (NEOs)
    - Tasks: Deliberative and execution-time planning
    - Data: Doctrine, SOPs, and records of past NEOs are available
    - Requires that human have final authority over decisions



# Open Issues



- Is TMK adequate for modeling users?
  - If not, what augmentations are needed?
- Where do TMK user models come from?
  1. Encoded by system designers from cognitive studies?
  2. Extracted automatically through experience?
  3. A combination of (1) and (2)?
- Is information from user actions adequate for judging user intentions?
  - If not, what other information can enable coordination between the user and the system?





# Summary



- Intelligent system collaborates with a human user; the system provides recommendations during plan authoring.
- Cognitive model is used to infer *what* the user wants to do and *how* the user wants to do it.
- User's cognitive model is composed of Tasks, Methods, and Knowledge (TMK)
- Proposed tool recommends actions for doing what the user wants in the way that the user wants to do it.